

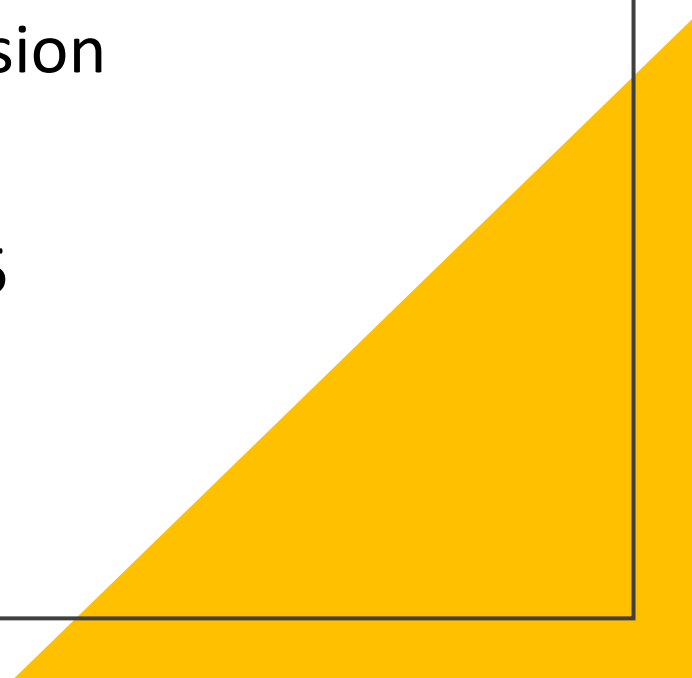
AGENDA for our Time Together

By the Hour –

- Didactic on Concepts
(40 Minutes)
- Transition into small groups/quick
break
(5 minutes)
- Small group discussion
(15 minutes)

LUNCH – noon-12:45

DONE – 2:30PM

A yellow triangular graphic is located in the bottom right corner of the slide, pointing towards the top right.

An Introduction
to the
Neurosequential Model in Caregiving™



Session One



- Why Neurosequential?
- Why a Model?
- Why Neuroscience?
- Heuristic introduced.



Pareidolia -
psychological
phenomenon
where
people perceive
faces in
everyday objects



But why?



Why do we care so much about the brain?

"The human brain is the organ responsible for everything we do. It allows us to love, laugh, walk, talk, create or hate.

For each of us, our brain functioning is a reflection of our experiences."

-Dr. Bruce Perry

Your High-Tech Brain Follow the 8 Sensory Inputs

Red Circuits are inhibitory, all other colors are excitatory

86+ Billion Neurons
15+ Billion Neurons in the Cerebral Cortex
65+ Trillion Connections in the Cerebral Cortex
Avg of 1,000-10,000 Connections (Synapses) per Neuron
(Transistor equivalent of 45,000 17 Dual Core Processors since synapses work like transistor switches)

The Cortex is a 6 layer folded circuit board filled with electronics
1 mm³ of cortex contains 50,000+ Neurons making over 100 Million Synapses (switches)
(Apple A8 processor (iPhone 6) has about 23 Million transistors (switches) per mm³)
The Total Surface area of the Cerebral Cortex = 2,500 cm²

"Three frontal circuits have been associated with decision making: the OFC, the DLPFC, and the ACC, important in sorting among conflicting options, as well as outcome-processing"
-The Functional Neuroanatomy of Decision-Making

"It can now be recognized that the region (Orbital and Medial Prefrontal Cortex) as a whole receives highly processed sensory afferents, provides for cortical influence over visceral functions, and participates in high-level cognitive and emotional processes." -The Organization of Networks within the Orbital and Medial Prefrontal Cortex of Rats, Monkeys and Humans

"Religious conviction acts like an anxiolytic, reducing emotional reactions to errors or uncertainty, providing people with a meaningful system helping them to understand the complex and uncertain world that we live in. In physiological terms, it reduces ACC activity and consequently distress." -The Anterior Cingulate Cortex

Visual Processing in the Retina
125 Million Rods & 6 Million Cone Photoreceptors to 1 Million axons in the Optic Nerve
compresses video, detects movement, accident avoidance system scans for objects on a collision path and automatically sends reflex control to limbs.
Estimated processing power of over four Apple A8 processors per eye

Motion Detection
Foveal Reflex
Smooth Pursuit
Foveal Reflex



1. Sight
126 Million Rods
Fovea Notch
Optic Nerve
1 Million Connections
Oculomotor Nerve controls eye muscles

2. Smell
12 Million Olfactory Receptor Cells (Human)
1 Billion Olfactory Receptor Cells (Dog)
5 Billion Olfactory Receptor Cells (Hound)

3. Taste
5-10 Receptors per Taste Bud
9,000 Taste Buds
"Every square centimetre of your skin contains around 200 pain receptors but only 15 receptors for pressure, 6 for cold and 1 for warmth."
-BBC Science & Nature

4. Touch
"The human face is an engineering marvel. Underneath our skin, a large number of muscles allow us to produce many configurations."
-Wikipedia

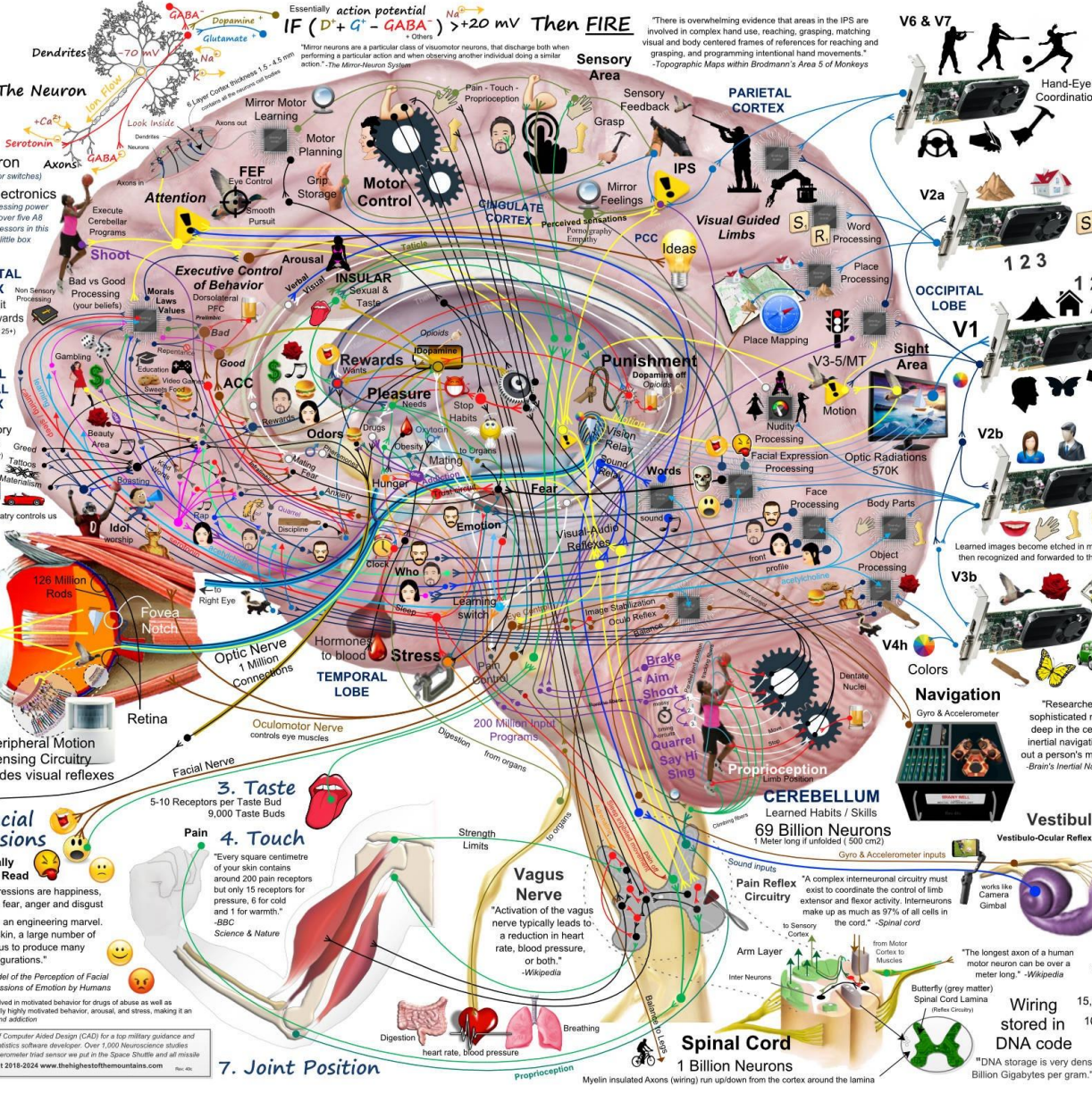
5. Hearing
Cochlea
30,000 Connections in Auditory Nerve
15,500 Hair Cells in Cochlea
100,000,000 Neurons in Auditory Cortex

6. Balance & Acceleration
Vestibule is similar to the main sensor used in Military Guidance and the Space Shuttle
Image Stabilization Navigation Eye Reflex

7. Joint Position
Vagus Nerve
"Activation of the vagus nerve typically leads to a reduction in heart rate, blood pressure, or both."
-Wikipedia

8. Facial Expressions
Automatically Produced and Read
The six main expressions are happiness, sadness, surprise, fear, anger and disgust
"Recent studies have shown that oroxin (ORX) cells located specifically in lateral hypothalamus (LH) are involved in motivated behavior for drugs of abuse as well as natural rewards. The movement of the orexin system in brain mechanisms that regulate motivation, especially highly motivated behavior, arousal, and stress, making it an ideal target for studying addiction and discovering treatments." -Rita de orexin/hypocretin in reward-seeking and addiction

Research performed by an Aerospace Engineer (BA Mechanical Engineering, Villanova). The supervisor of Computer Aided Design (CAD) for a top military guidance and navigation company who worked on the design of the Space Shuttle guidance system and later became a statistics software developer. Over 1,000 Neuroscience studies were analyzed over a 4 year period and a large schematic assembled. His comments, "The 3 axis gyro/accelerometer triad sensor we put in the Space Shuttle and all missile guidance systems is behind your ear. We're ultra high tech."
-Adon Joseph
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9. Addictive/Arousal System
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The Visual Processing System

4-6 Billion Neurons
"The recognition process likely entails a sequence of computations across visual cortex, starting from local computations in early visual cortex related to low-level properties of the visual stimulus, such as disparity, motion, or orientation, conveying little sense of the global object shape, then proceeding to more global computations in higher levels of the hierarchy of visual processing."
-Representation of Shapes, Edges, and Surfaces Across Multiple Cues in the Human Visual Cortex

"Evidence from functional neuroimaging indicates that visual perception of human faces and bodies is carried out by distributed networks of face and body-sensitive areas in the occipito-temporal cortex." -Different Cortical Dynamics in Face and Body Perception

"Our results thus confirm that nudity of human bodies is detected early on during visual processing, and that the human brain exhibits enhanced visual processing to other people's nude bodies. Interestingly, the N170 response to nude bodies was even greater than that to faces." -The Naked Truth: The Face and Body Sensitive N170 Response is Enhanced for Nude Bodies

"During head movements, both systems must interact with the vestibular system. The goal of the pursuit system is to keep the retinal target image on the fovea by matching the eye velocity to target velocity." -The Vestibular-related frontal cortex and its role in smooth-pursuit

"It is now becoming increasingly apparent that even single neurons can perform complex computations." -Wikipedia

"Researchers have discovered a sophisticated neural computer, buried deep in the cerebellum, that performs inertial navigation calculations to figure out a person's movement through space." -Brain's Inertial Navigation System Pinpointed

"The longest axon of a human motor neuron can be over a meter long." -Wikipedia

"DNA storage is very dense. At theoretical maximum, DNA can encode 455 Billion Gigabytes per gram." -Next-Generation Digital Information Storage in DNA, Harvard University

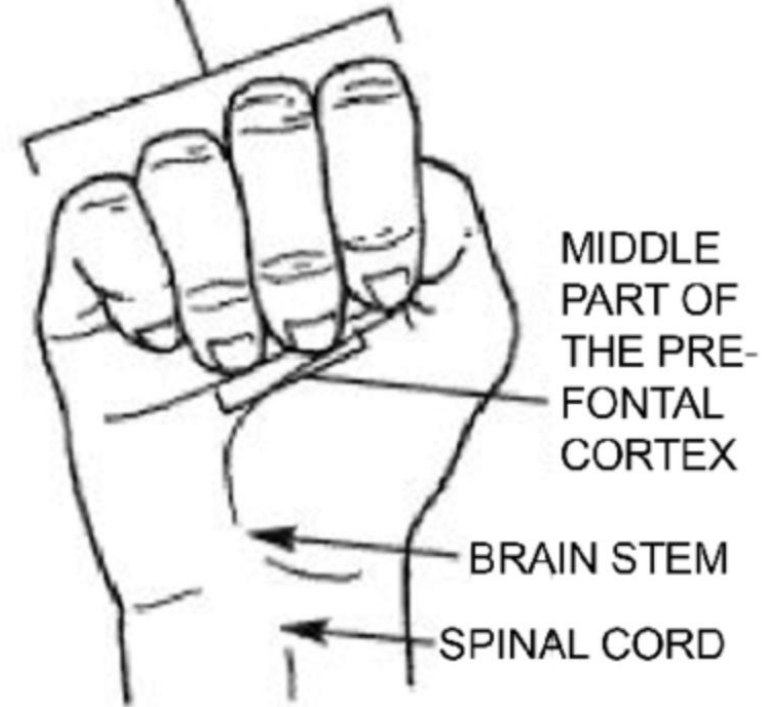
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MIDDLE PREFRONTAL CORTEX



CEREBRAL CORTEX





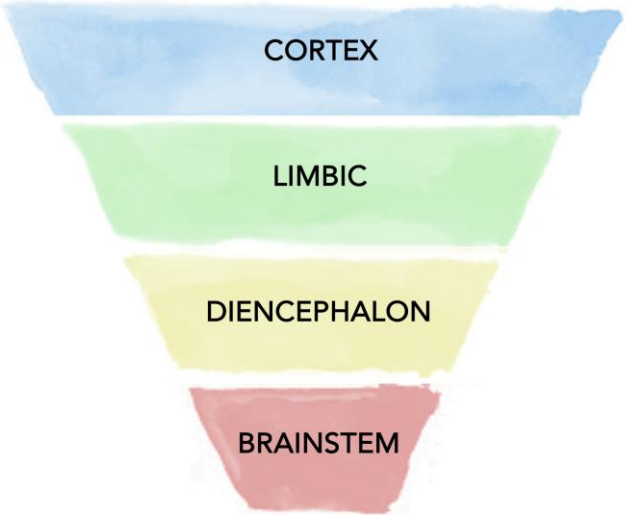
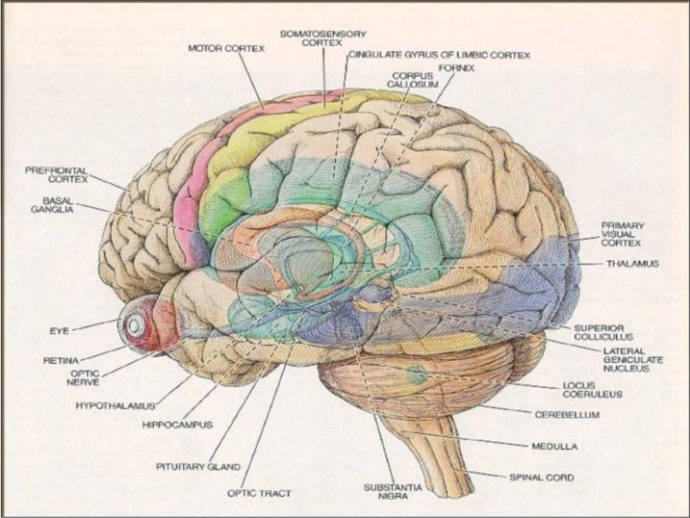
**ESSENTIALLY, ALL
MODELS ARE WRONG,
BUT SOME ARE USEFUL**

GEORGE E P BOX

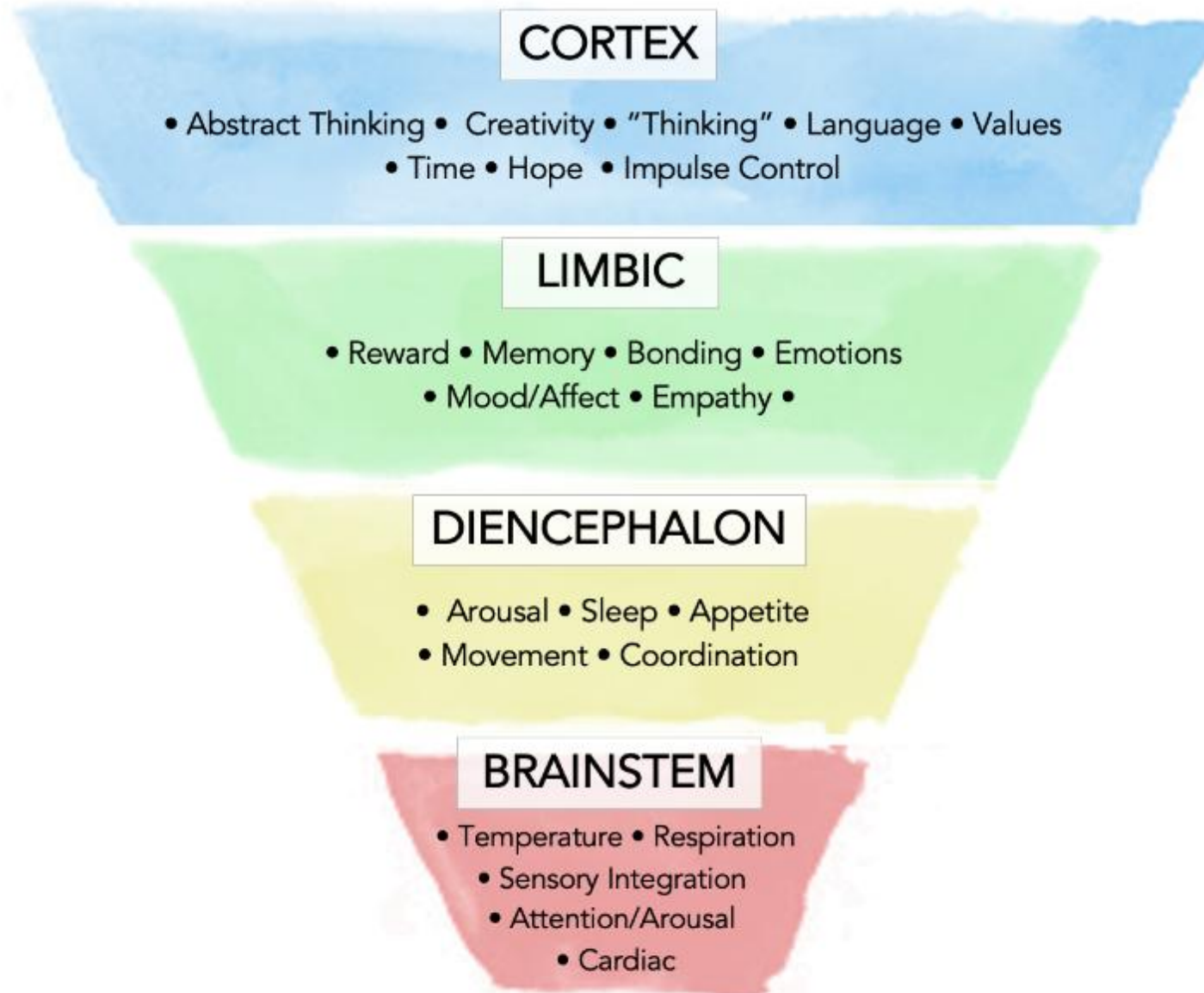
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PICTUREQUOTES

Heuristics of the Brain



NM Brain Heuristic



What is the brain's #1 directive?

HINT: It's not for you to be happy



Alien Song



©1999 victor navone

DJ's QUILT

My quilt is soft.

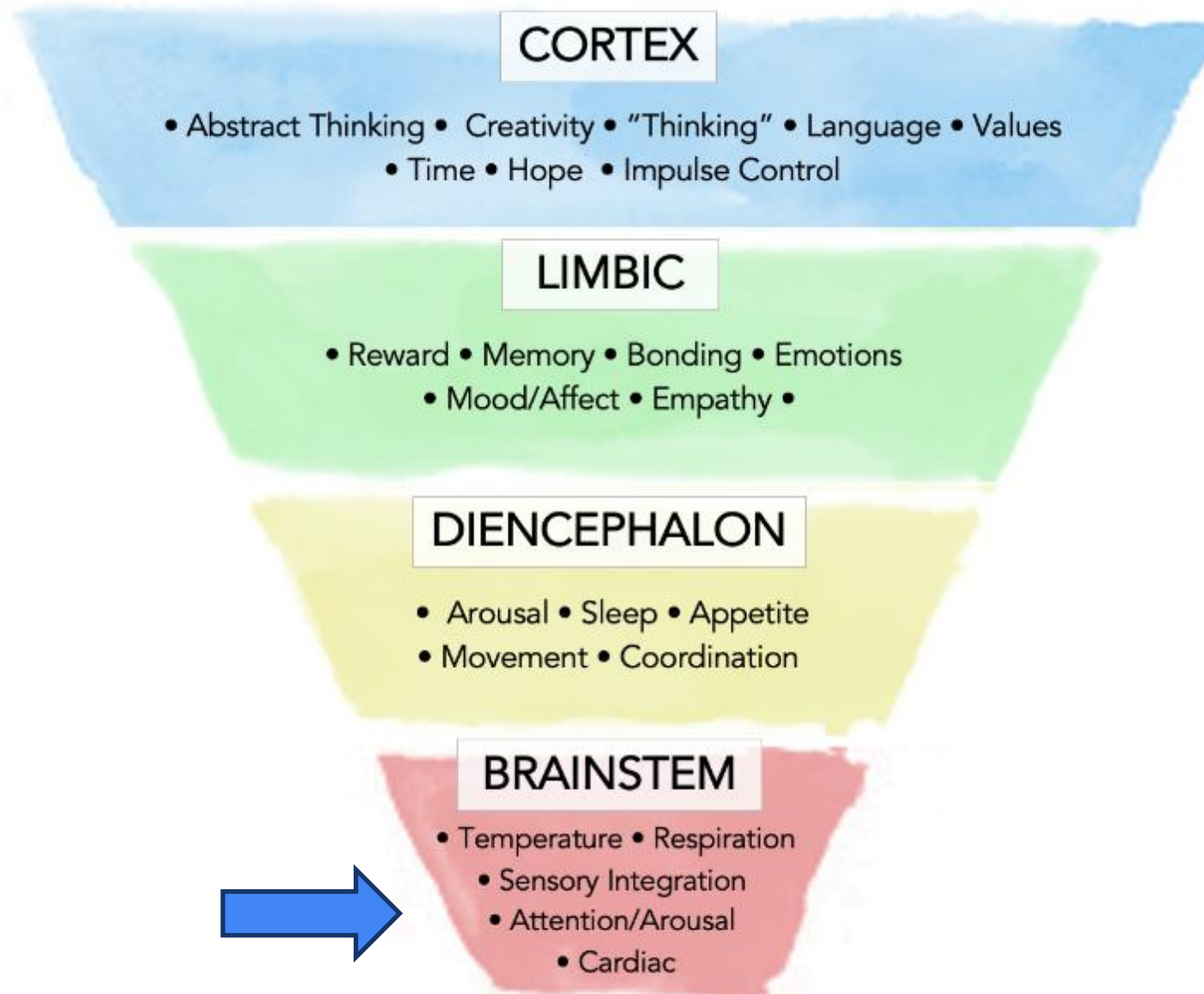
To touch it is like floating on a forever.

I love my quilt because it keeps me sane.

My quilt is like a cup of cocoa on a cold day.

My quilt is the harmony to my music.

NM Brain Heuristic



NM Brain Heuristic

CORTEX

- Abstract Thinking • Creativity • "Thinking" • Language • Values
- Time • Hope • Impulse Control

LIMBIC

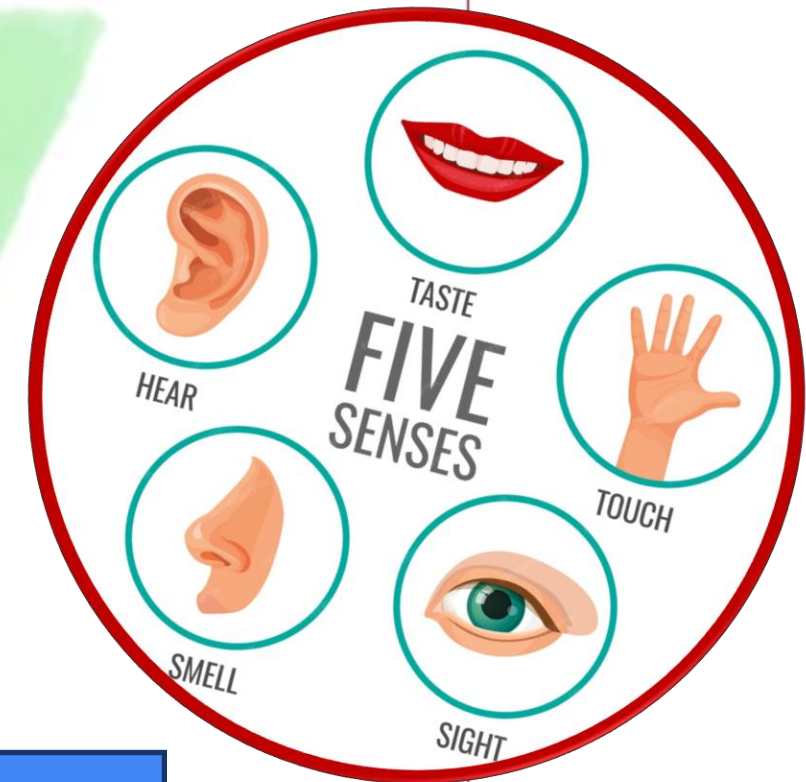
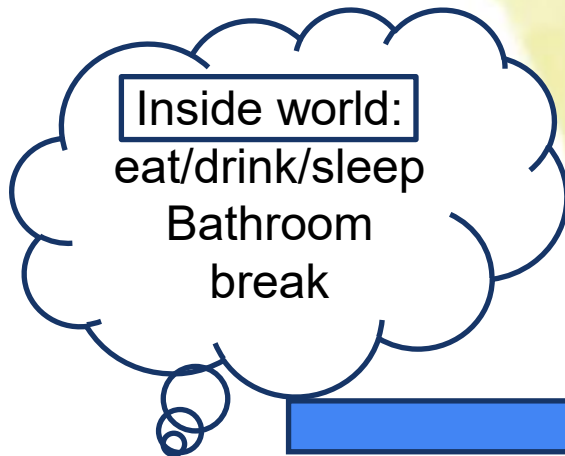
- Reward • Memory • Bonding • Emotions
- Mood/Affect • Empathy •

DIENCEPHALON

- Arousal • Sleep • Appetite
- Movement • Coordination

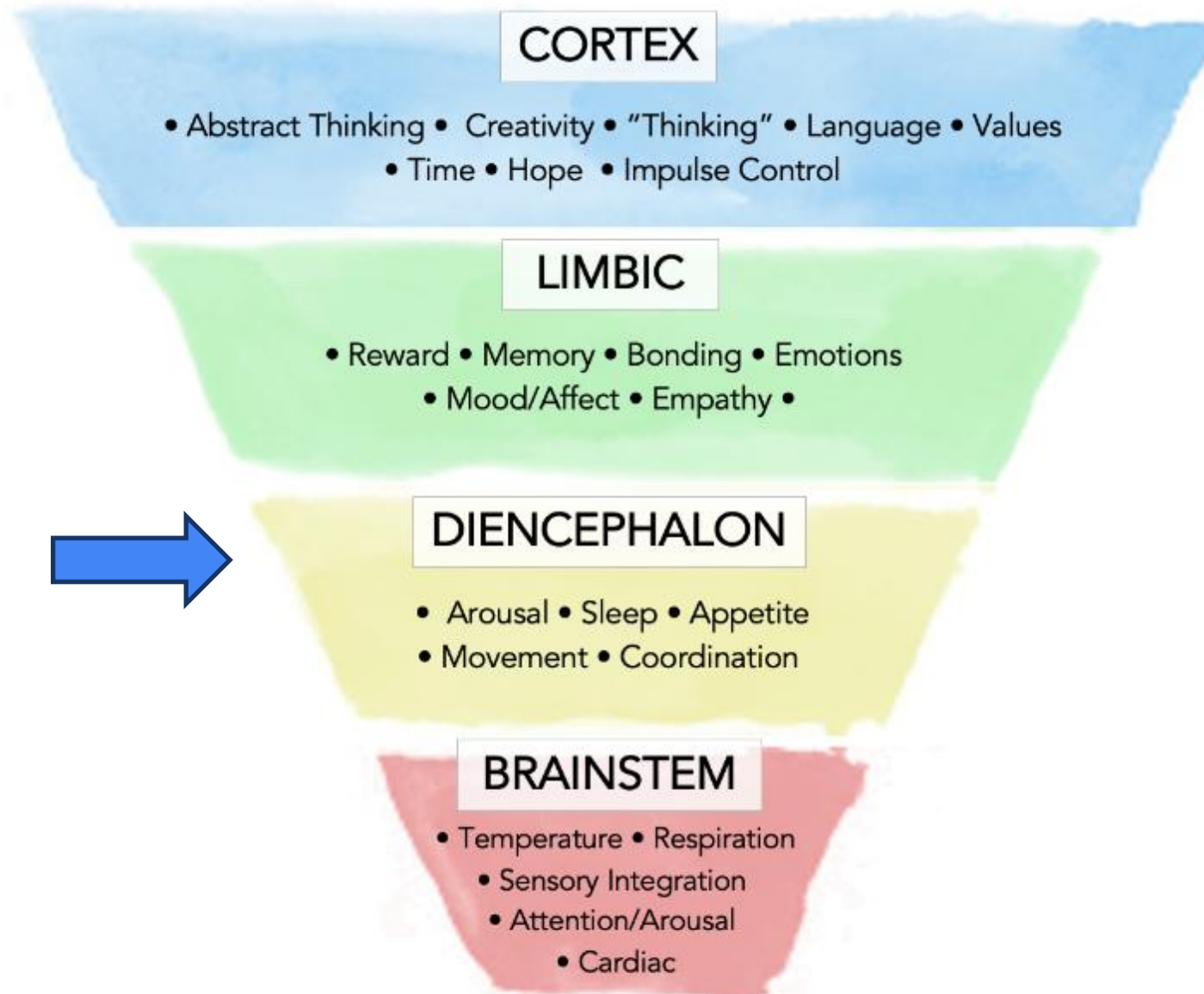
BRAINSTEM

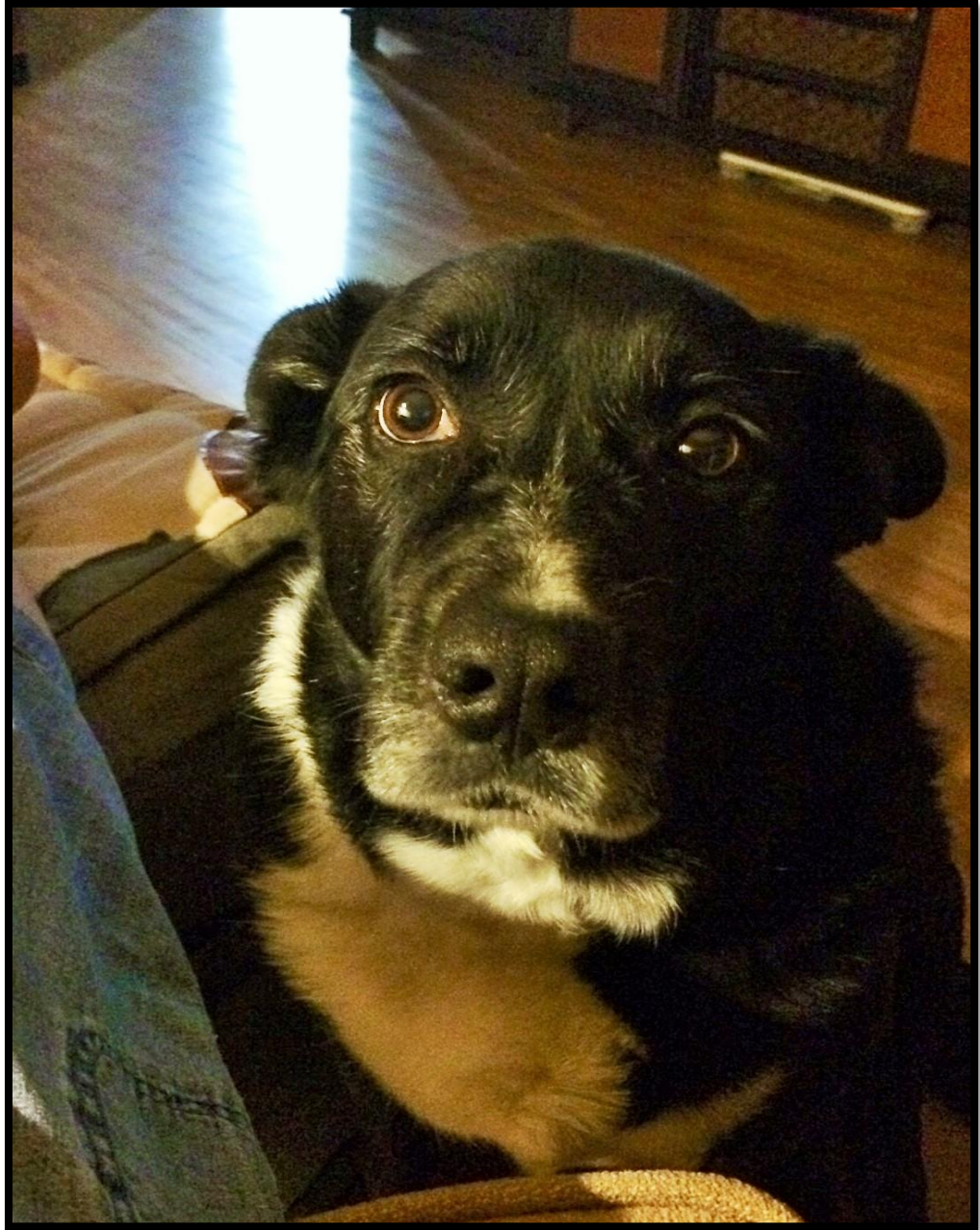
- Temperature • Respiration
- Sensory Integration
- Attention/Arousal
- Cardiac





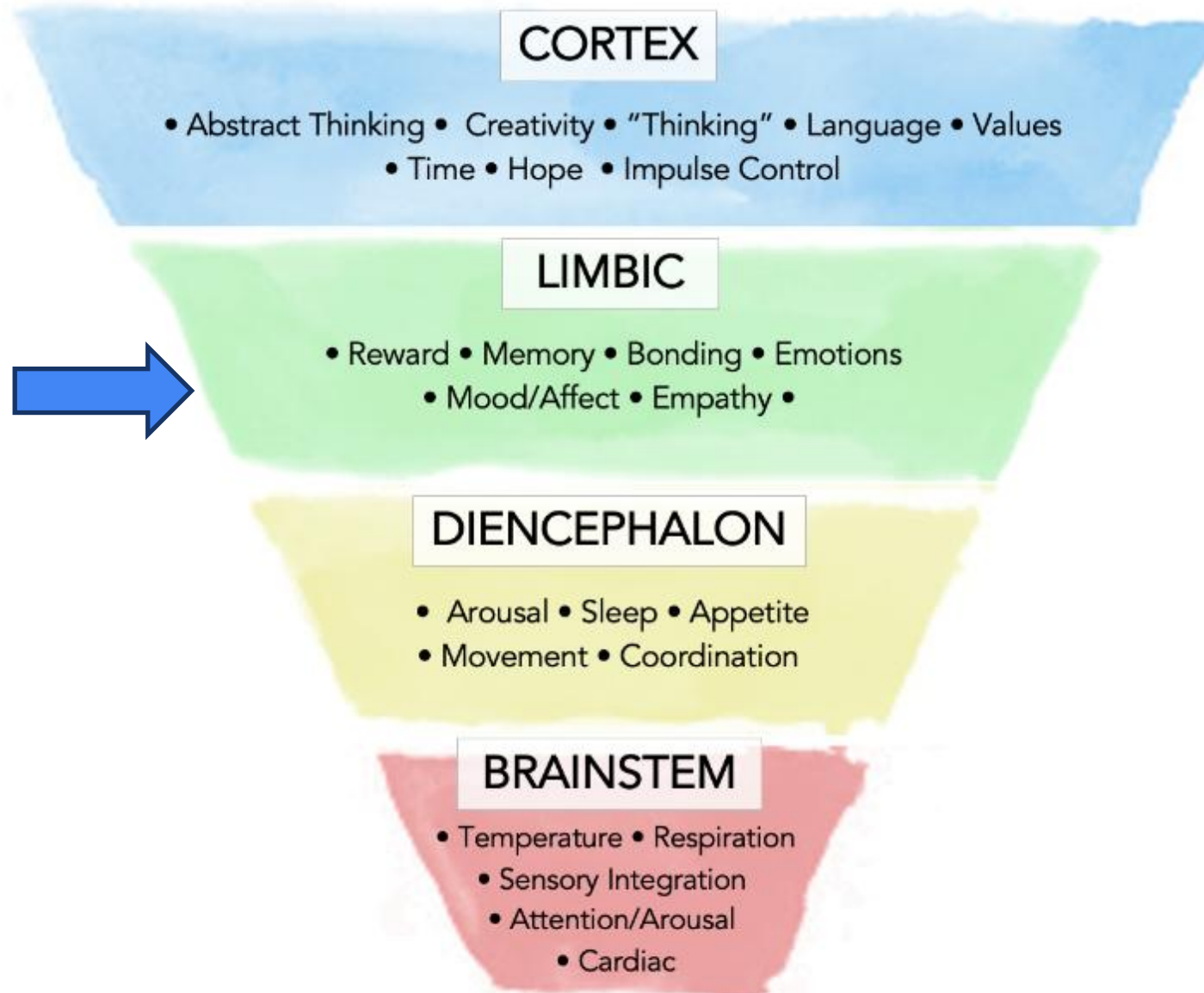
NM Brain Heuristic







NM Brain Heuristic





NM Brain Heuristic



CORTEX

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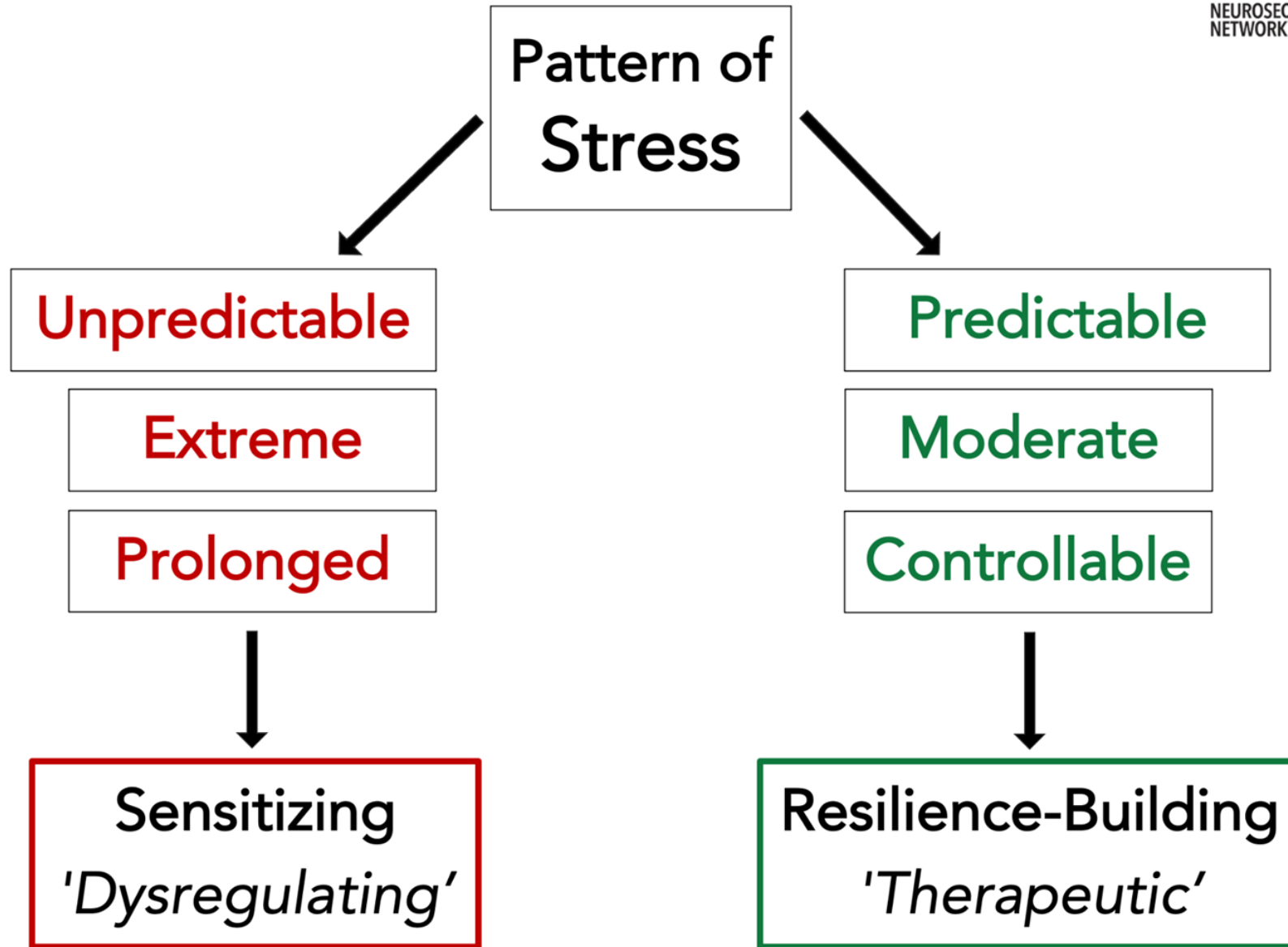
- Temperature • Respiration
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- Cardiac



Experiences – both good and bad

- Timing
- Duration
- Frequency







Our first
environments...

What about...



SOUNDS



TEMPERATURE



SATIETY



SENSORY



What does the
brain identify as
being “happy”?

decreases
physiological distress
and
increases pleasure

WANTED



REWARD

Why is attachment with a caregiver important?

Both the ***stress response*** and the ***reward networks*** in the brain are shaped by relationships in early childhood – in healthy and unhealthy ways.

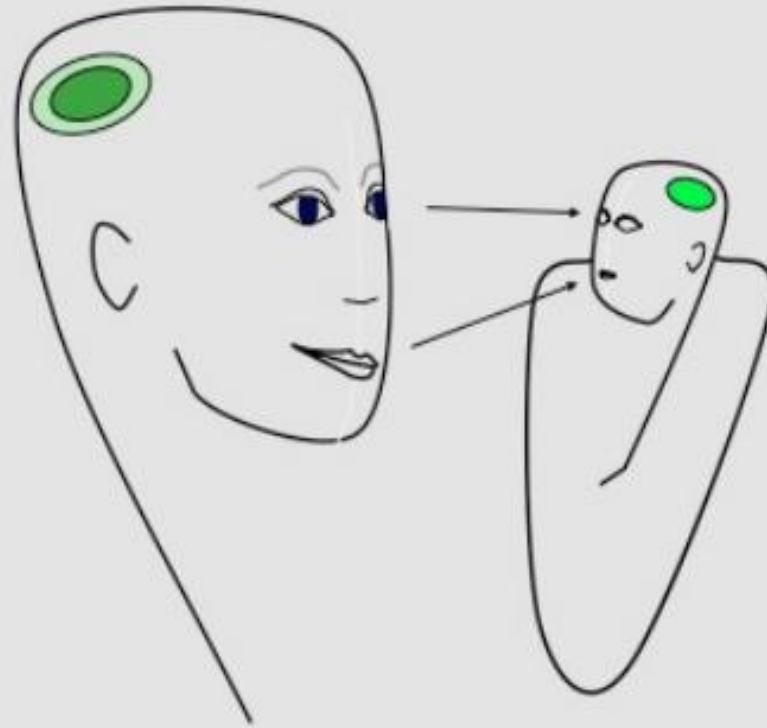
Optimal Early Caregiving

- Present
 - Quantity matters
- Attentive
 - To the infant/child
- Attuned
 - Accurately interpret non-verbal cues
- Responsive
 - Respond to the needs of the infant



The Magical Moments

Weaving Together the Neurobiology of Relationship, Reward and Regulation



Relational Regulation

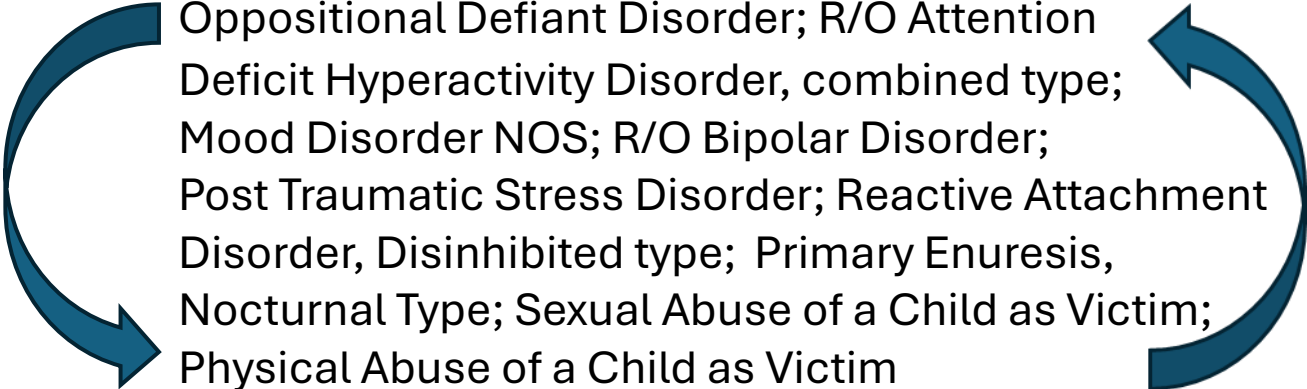


Six Risk Factors to Healthy Development

- Difficult pregnancy
- Difficult birth
- Abuse
- Neglect
- Attachment issues
- Trauma
- Anything that causes severe, prolonged stress (DV, poverty, being “other”, chaos, transitions)
- Combination

Developmental Trauma is The Great Imposter

DIAGNOSTIC IMPRESSIONS:

AXIS I :  Oppositional Defiant Disorder; R/O Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder, combined type; Mood Disorder NOS; R/O Bipolar Disorder; Post Traumatic Stress Disorder; Reactive Attachment Disorder, Disinhibited type; Primary Enuresis, Nocturnal Type; Sexual Abuse of a Child as Victim; Physical Abuse of a Child as Victim

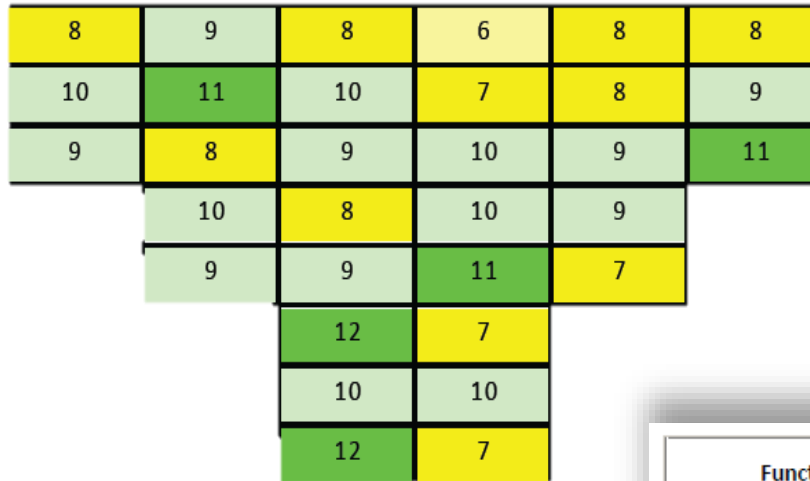
AXIS II: Deferred

AXIS III: Primary Enuresis

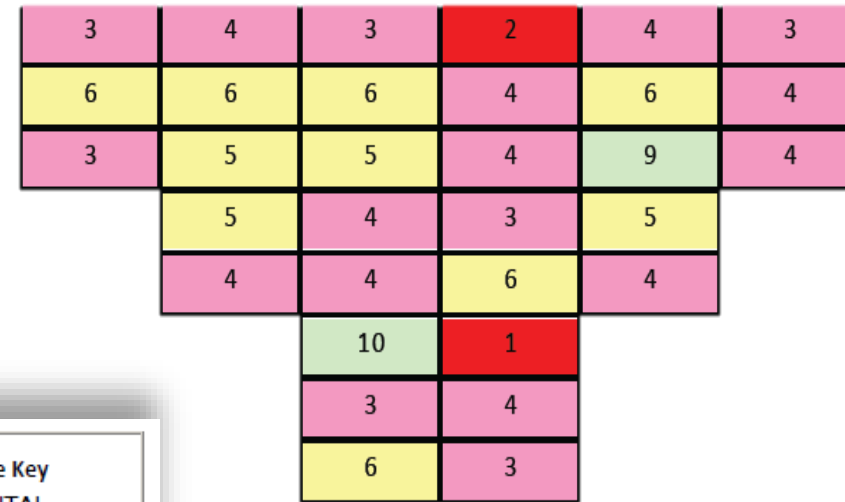
AXIS IV: Severe

AXIS V : 40

The Tale of Two Different Brains



**Typical
9 year old**



**Atypical
9 year old**

Functional Brain Map Value Key	
DEVELOPMENTAL	
Functional	
12	DEVELOPED
11	TYPICAL RANGE
10	
9	EPISODIC/EMERGING
8	MILD Comprmise
7	
6	PRECURSOR CAPACITY
5	MODERATE Dysfunction
4	
3	UNDEVELOPED
2	SEVERE Dysfunction
1	

When we feel threatened:



- Flock/Freeze – get more info
 - Social referencing
 - Fight or Flight?
- That won't work.
- Dissociate
 - Try both.

Dissociation

- Disengaging from the “external” world cues
- Attending to elements of the “inner” world
- Daydreaming, mind wandering, reflective cognition

So, what is a threat?

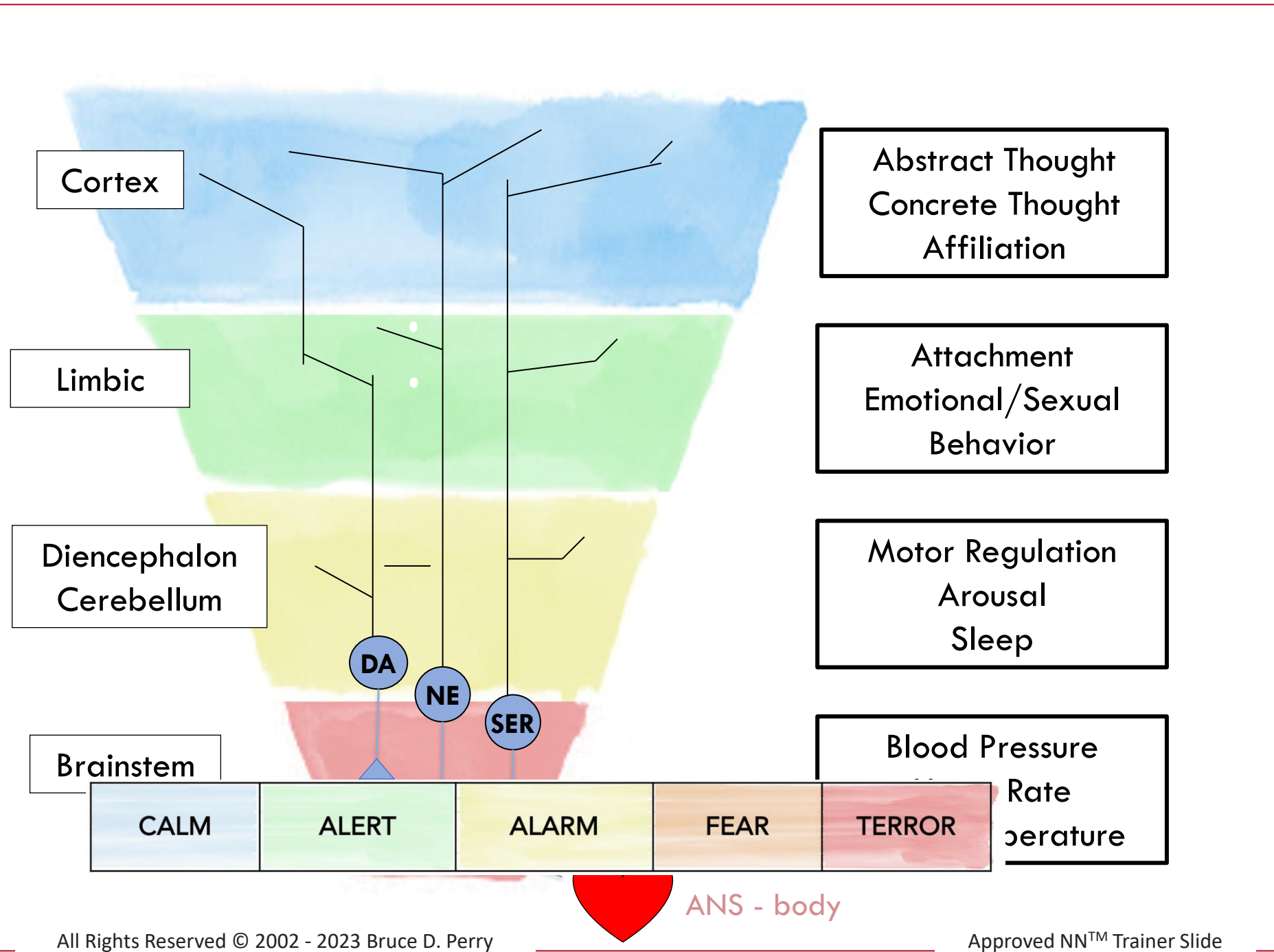


It depends.

What is state dependent functioning?

- What things are dependent upon our current state?
 - Thinking
 - Feeling
 - Behaviors
 - Ability to relate
 - Ability to regulate
 - Ability to receive reward







**Everyone has a plan 'till they
get punched in the mouth.**

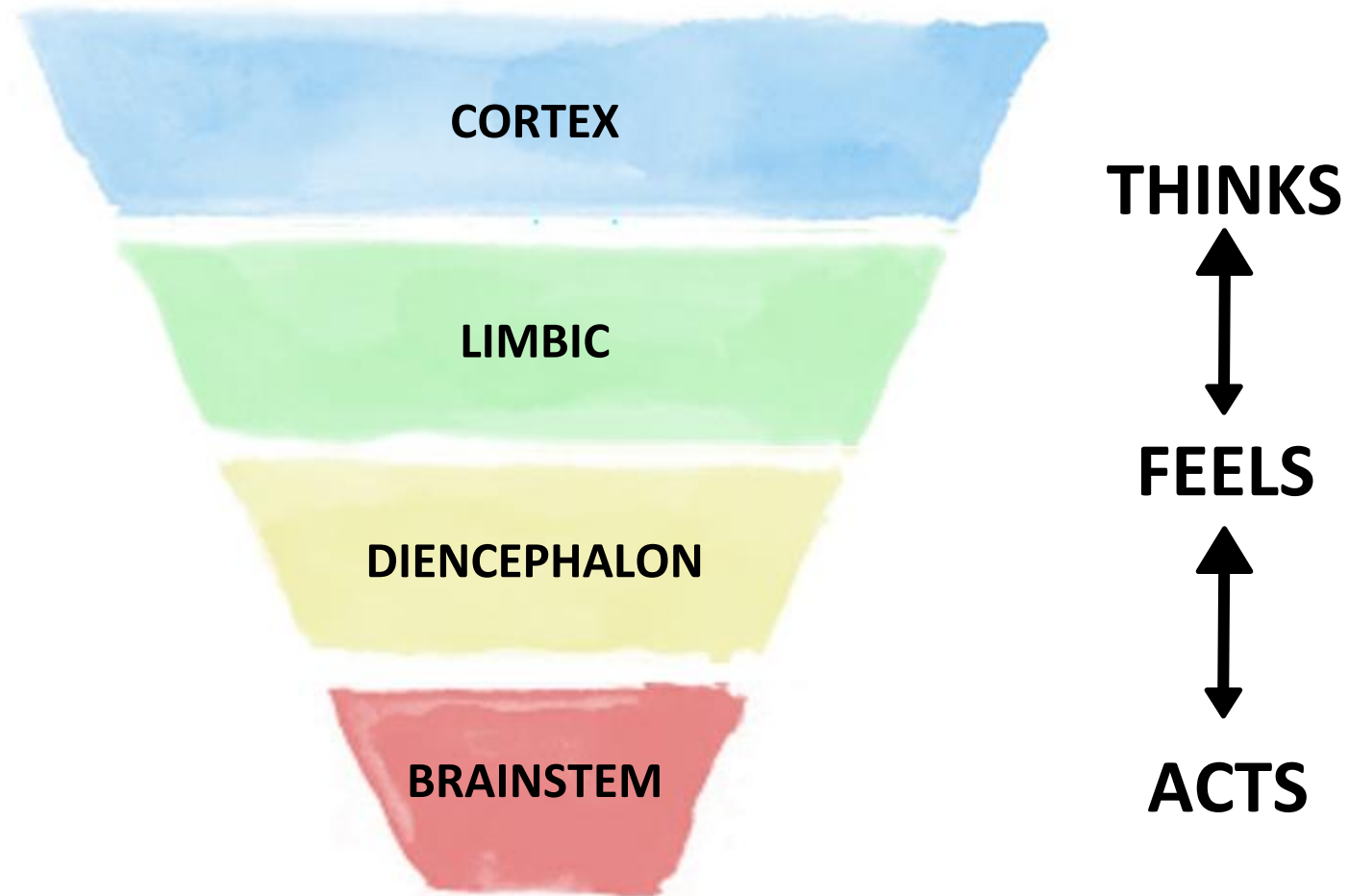
Mike Tyson

State Dependence

Adaptive “Option” Arousal & Dissociation

“STATE”	CALM	ALERT	ALARM	FEAR	TERROR
Dominant Brain Areas	Cortex (DMN)	Cortex (Limbic)	Limbic (Diencephalon)	Diencephalon (Brainstem)	Brainstem
Adaptive “Option” Arousal	Relect (Create)	Flock (Hypervigilance)	Freeze (Resistance)	Flight (Defiance)	Fight
Adaptive “Option” Dissociation	Reflect (Daydream)	Avoid	Comply	Dissociate (Paralysis/Catatonia)	Faint (Collapse)

**The brain is organized to act on
incoming information before it feels and before it thinks
about the incoming information**



State Dependent Cognition

State	Calm	Alert	Alarm	Fear	Terror
Cognition	Abstract	Concrete	Emotional	Reactive	Reflexive
Fidelity with which information is processed and stored	80%	60%	40%	30%	10%

“When people have a hard time cognitively acting on an instruction they will default to a practiced behavior.”

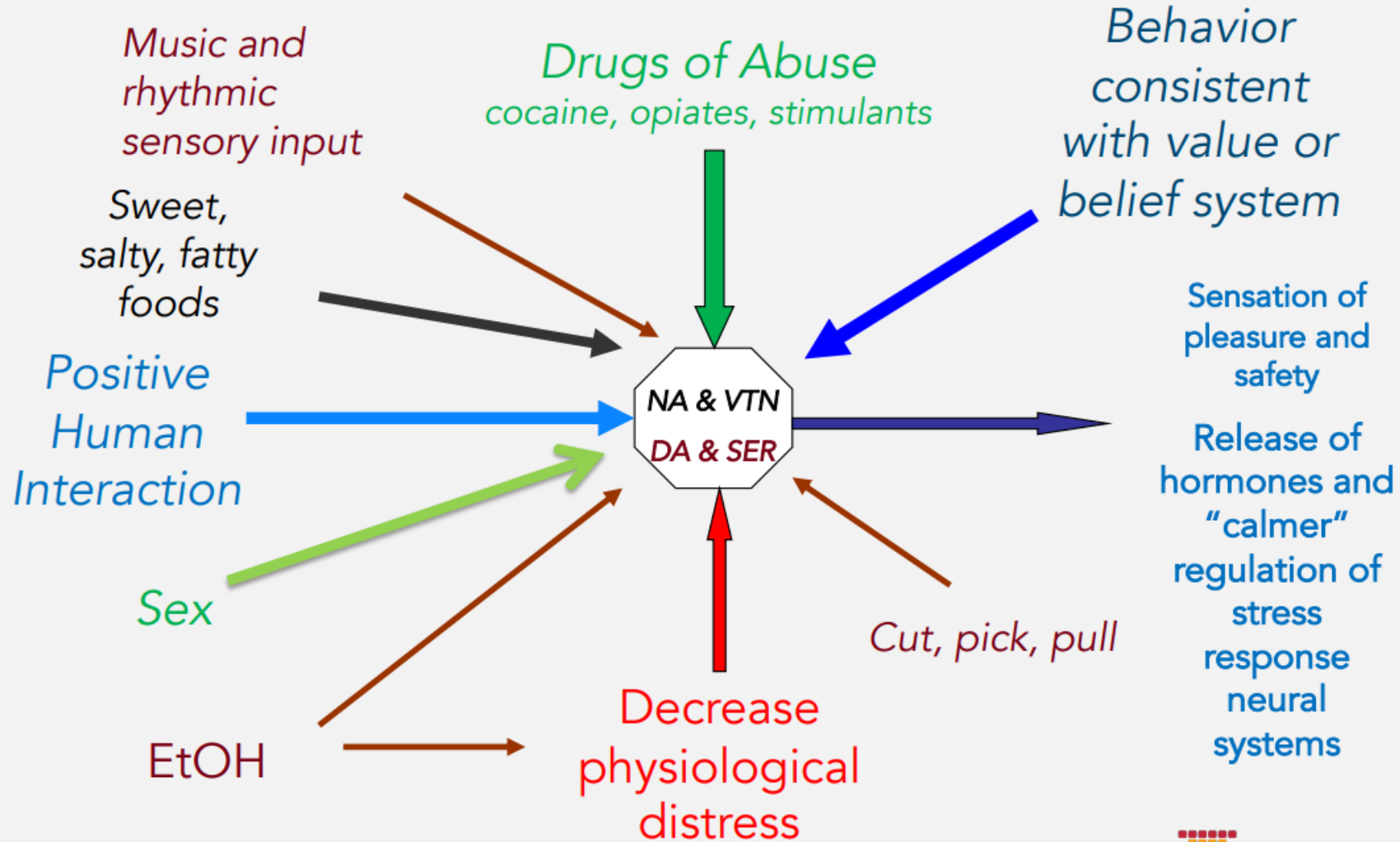
– Dr. Bruce D. Perry

Why is attachment with a caregiver important?

Both the ***stress response*** and the ***reward networks*** in the brain are shaped by relationships in early childhood – in healthy and unhealthy ways.

Activating the Brain's Neural Networks of "Reward"

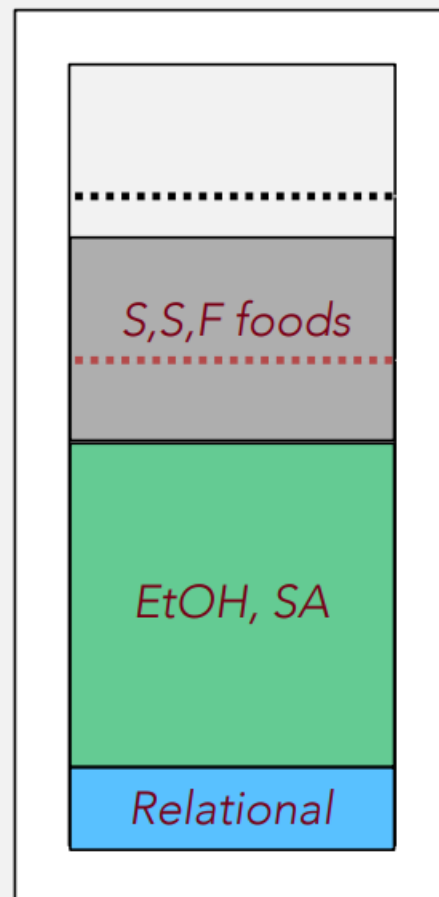
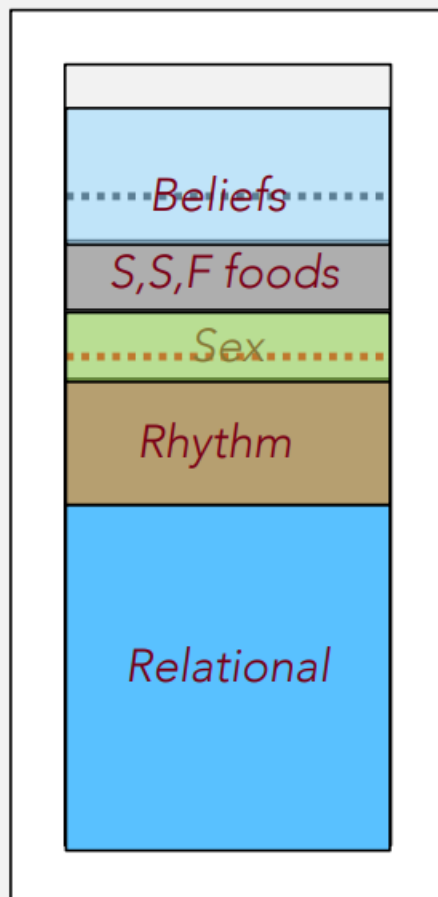
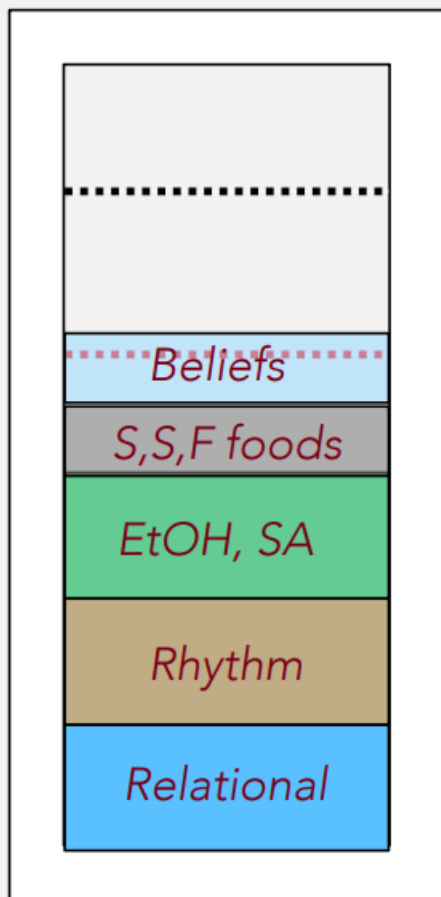
Multiple 'Routes' to Pleasure



Our ability to experience reward and be relational is also state dependent.



Filling the "Reward Bucket"



Questions?



Breakout Questions

1. What motivated you to participate in this course?
2. What are you hoping to get out of this experience?
3. How does Dr. Perry's use of the NM's upside-down triangle heuristic help to engage you in thinking about and understanding the brain?
4. Children are not simply "small adults." Reflect on why it's important to understand this.
5. State dependent functioning was discussed. Describe in your own words what this is. Include examples from your own life.